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WALT DISNEY PICTURES Presents

A
PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS
Film

WALL•E

| Directed by |
|--------------------------------------|
| Conducted by THOMAS NEWMAN |
| Original Story by ANDREW STANTON |
| PETE DOCTER |
| Screenplay by ANDREW STANTON |
| JIM REARDON |
| Production Designer RALPH EGGLESTON |
| Film Editor STEPHEN SCHAFFER |
| Supervising Technical |
| Director NIGEL HARDWIDGE |
| Supervising Animators ALAN BARILLARO |
| STEVEN CLAY HUNTER |
| Director of Photography: |
| Camera JEREMY LASKY |
| Director of Photography: |
| Lighting DANIELLE FEINBERG |
| Sound & Character |
| Voice Designer BEN BURTT |
| Production Manager ANDREA WARREN |
| Character Art Director JASON DEAMER |
| Sets Art Director ANTHONY CHRISTOV |
| Shader Art Director BERT BERRY |
| Graphics |
| Art Director MARK CORDELL HOLMES |
| Character Supervisor BILL WISE |
| Sets SupervisorDAVID MUNIER |
| Effects Supervisor DAVID MACCARTHY |
| Technical |
| Pipeline Supervisor JOHN WARREN |
| Character |
| Modeling Lead JASON BICKERSTAFF |
| Character |
| Shading Lead ATHENA XENAKIS |
| |

| Set Modeling Lead | KRISTIFIR KLEIN |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Set Shading | |
| Lead CHRISTO | PHER M. BURROWS |
| Set Dressing Lead | . DEREK WILLIAMS |
| Crowds Supervisor | MARK T. HENNE |
| Rendering Supervisor | SUSAN FISHER |

"Down To Earth"

Music by Peter Gabriel and Thomas Newman
Lyrics by Peter Gabriel
Performed by Peter Gabriel,
Featuring The Soweto Gospel Choir

Casting by KEVIN REHER NATALIE LYON

CAST

| WALL•E | BEN BURTT |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Eve | ELISSA KNIGHT |
| Captain | JEFF GARLIN |
| Shelby Forthright, | |
| BnL CEO | FRED WILLARD |
| Auto | MACINTALK |
| M-O | BEN BURTT |
| John | . JOHN RATZENBERGER |
| Mary | KATHY NAJIMY |
| Ship's Computer | $\dots SIGOURNEY\ WEAVER$ |
| | |

Visual

Consultants ROGER DEAKINS, A.S.C., B.S.C. DENNIS MUREN, A.S.C.

STORY

| Story Supervisor | JIM REARDON |
|------------------|-------------|
| Story Manager | SABINE KOCH |

Story Artists

KEVIN O'BRIEN MAX BRACE DEREK THOMPSON **BRIAN FEE** NATHAN STANTON **ROB GIBBS** RONNIE DEL CARMEN SCOTT MORSE JEFF PIDGEON JUSTIN WRIGHT ANGUS MACLANE ALEXANDER WOO TED MATHOT PETER SOHN JAMES S. BAKER KYLE SHOCKLEY

| Digital Boarding & EffectsDOUGLASS CARNEY | Art Coordinators ZOE BOXER BECKY NEIMAN |
|---|--|
| CHRIS O'DOWD | LEE RASÉ |
| | |
| Additional | Art Production Assistant BRIAN LONDON |
| Digital Boarding PATRICK SIEMER | EDITORIAL |
| Script CTA CEV HENDRICKGON | EDITORIAL |
| Supervisor STACEY HENDRICKSON | E1', '1M NOELLE DAGE |
| Story KATE PANGON WALGH | Editorial Managers NOELLE PAGE |
| Coordinator KATE RANSON-WALSH Story Production | COLIN BOHRER |
| AssistantMAGGIE WEIDNER | Second Film Editors AXEL GEDDES JASON HUDAK |
| ART | NICHOLAS C. SMITH, A.C.E |
| AKI | First Assistant |
| Aut Managan CILLIAN LIDDEDT | |
| Art Manager GILLIAN LIBBERT | Editor ANTHONY J. GREENBERG Second Assistant |
| Production Artists | Editors KEVIN ROSE-WILLIAMS |
| DANIEL ARRIAGA NELSON "REY" BOHOL | RENÉE STEEN |
| CHIA HAN JENNIFER CHANG ROBIN COOPER | TESSA SWIGART |
| TONY FUCILE DANIEL HOLLAND | Additional Editing KEVIN NOLTING |
| LORI KLOCEK NOAH KLOCEK ROBERT KONDO ALBERT LOZANO | Editorial Production Assistant JESS FULTON |
| ROBERT KONDO ALBERT LOZANO | Additional Sound Design E.J. HOLOWICK |
| ANGUS MACLANE TEDDY NEWTON | Additional |
| KRISTIAN NORELIUS JAY SHUSTER | Editorial Support STACEY HENDRICKSON |
| Production Illustrator JOHN LEE | |
| Motion Graphics | CAMERA & STAGING |
| DesignerPHILIP METSCHAN | |
| Motion Graphics | Layout Manager RICHMOND HORINE |
| Technical LeadSANDRA KARPMAN | , |
| Matte Painter PAUL TOPOLOS | Layout Artists |
| Matte Paint Technical Lead PATRICK JAMES | ROBERT ANDERSON MATT ASPBURY |
| Sculptor JEROME RANFT | SHAWN BRENNAN ANDREW CADELAGO |
| Graphic Artists CRAIG FOSTER | SIMON DUNSDON ROBERT KINKEAL |
| CATHERINE M. KELLY | SUKWON PARK MARK SHIRRA |
| ELLEN MOON LEE | MATTHEW SILAS BOB WHITEHILI |
| BECKY NEIMAN | DEREK WILLIAMS SYLVIA GRAY WONG |
| Digital Painters | Post-Animation |
| GLENN KIM MARIA LEE | Camera Artist |
| ERNESTO NEMESIO LAURA PHILLIPS | Layout Coordinators TRISH CARNEY |
| JAPETH PIEPER BILL ZAHN | KEARSLEY HIGGINS |
| Graphics & Paint | KE/IKSLET IIIOOIIV |
| Technical Artists | ANIMATION |
| JAY CARINA | ANIMATION |
| Development Artists SHAUN TAN | Animation Managar IAVE MADTIN |
| BRUCE ZICK | Animation Manager JAKE MARTIN Directing Animator ANGUS MACLANI |
| | Animation Character |
| DICADDO DEL CADO | Ammanon Chafacter |
| RICARDO DELGADO | |
| GEEFWEE BOEDOE | Development VICTOR NAVONI |
| GEEFWEE BOEDOE GEORGE HULL | Development VICTOR NAVONI |
| GEEFWEE BOEDOE | Development VICTOR NAVONE DAVID DEVAN |

| Animators | CHARACTERS |
|--|---|
| CARLOS BAENA RODRIGO BLAAS | |
| ADAM BURKE SHAUN CHACKO | Character Managers ADRIAN OCHOA |
| LOUIS CLICHY BRETT CODERRE JONATHEN COLLINS DON CRUM | JAKE MARTIN |
| | |
| PATRICK DELAGE DAVID DEVAN | Character Modeling & Articulation Artists |
| EVERETT DOWNING, JR. DOUG FRANKEL | LOU HAMOU-LHADJ RICHARD HURREY |
| TIMOTHY HITTLE GUILHERME SAUERBRONN JACINTO | KEN LAO AUSTIN LEE |
| NANCY KATO PATTY KIHM KEN KIM JAIME LANDES JOHN CC LEE WENDELL LEE HOLGER LEIHE AUSTIN MADISON | KEN LAO AUSTIN LEE MARK PIRETTI BILL SHEFFLER SAJAN SKARIA JACOB SPEIRS |
| KEN KIM JAIME LANDES | SAJAN SKARIA JACOB SPEIRS |
| JOHN CC LEE WENDELL LEE | IAN STEPLOWSKI MARK THERRELL |
| | BRIAN TINDALL MICHAEL TODD |
| MICHAL MAKAREWICZ AMBER MARTORELLI | AUDREY WONG |
| DAN MASON PAUL MENDOZA SARAH MERCEY-BOOSE CAMERON MIYASAKI | Character Shading Artists |
| | DAVID BATTE STEPHAN VLADIMIR BUGAJ |
| VICTOR NAVONE DANIEL NGUYEN KEVIN O'HARA BRET PARKER | TRENT CROW SARAH FOWLER DELUNA |
| BRETT PULLIAM NICKOLAS ROSARIO | PATRICK GUENETTE BRANDON ONSTOTT |
| ROGER ROSE BRETT SCHULZ | MAXWELL PLANCK KEITH STICHWEH |
| BOB SCOTT DOUG SHEPPECK | WITH STICITULE |
| RAPHAEL SUTER JEAN-CLAUDE TRAN QUANG THIEU | Character Interns DON BUI |
| ROB DUQUETTE THOMPSON KRISTOPHE VERGNE | SETH FREEMAN |
| IAN WHITE KUREHA YOKOO | |
| RON ZORMAN | CROWDS & SIMULATION |
| Fix Animation Lead ANDREW BEALL | Crowds & Simulation |
| Fix & Additional | Manager KATHLEEN RELYEA |
| Animation SEQUOIA BLANKENSHIP | Widnager KATTILLEN KLETEA |
| CHRISTOPHER CHUA | Crowds & Simulation Artists |
| CURRAN W. GIDDENS | LENA PETROVIĆ CHRIS LAWRENCE |
| BRUCE KUEI | JIAYI CHONG JOSH ANON |
| TOM ZACH | JIAYI CHONG JOSH ANON PAUL KANYUK GEORGE NGUYEN |
| Crowds Animation Lead ARIK EHLE | FRANK AALBERS MICHAEL LORENZEN |
| Crowds & | MATTHEW SILAS |
| Additional Animation SIMON ALLEN | Tailor |
| DOVI ANDERSON | Crowds |
| STEPHEN WONG | Sequence Lead ZIAH SARAH FOGEL |
| Additional Animators | Crowds Rendering Optimization DAVID RYU |
| JASON BOOSE TIM CRAWFURD | Additional Simulation CHRISTINA GARCIA |
| IKE FELDMAN ANDREW GORDON | Characters & Crowds |
| KAREN KISER MATT MAJERS | Coordinator |
| STEVE MASON GINI CRUZ SANTOS | Additional Crowds |
| ANDREW L. SCHMIDT MICHAEL WU | Production RICHMOND HORINE |
| Animation Shot Support | LAUREN TOPAL |
| Technicians DANIEL CAMPBELL TODD R. KRISH | INVENTORY |
| Animation Coordinators DAVID PARK | INVENTORI |
| DANIEL A. GOODMAN | Sweatbox Managers SABINE KOCH |
| CATHLEEN CARMEAN | KEARSLEY HIGGINS |
| CHILDEN CHICAETH | Sweatbox CoordinatorKESTEN MIGDAL |
| | DWCauda Coolullatol INTACLINI MINITALI |

| SETS | Lead Lighting Artists JONATHAN PYTKO MICHAEL SPARBER |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Sets Previs/Modeling | Master Lighting Artists |
| ManagerMARY VAN ESCOBAR | LLOYD RERNERG TIM REST |
| Sets Shading/Dressing | LLOYD BERNBERG BRIAN BOYD JAE H. KIM TIM BEST STEFAN GRONSKY LUKE MARTORELLI |
| Manager MARC SONDHEIMER | IAF H KIM LUKE MARTORELLI |
| Withing Co. The Co. The Co. The Co. | ANDREW PIENAAR SUDEEP RANGASWAMY |
| Previsualization Artists MATT ASPBURY | SONJA MARWOOD MARIA YERSHOVA |
| BRIAN CHRISTIAN | Shot Lighting Artists |
| SIMON DUNSDON | JEREMY BIRN LIZ KUPINSKI CARTER |
| ROBERT KINKEAD | YE WON CHO CHARU CLARK |
| Sets Technical Developer ARUN RAO | KEITH CORMIER ANGELIQUE REISCH |
| Sets Model Optimization DALE RUFFOLO | CHRIS FOWLER JULIE GARCIA |
| Modeling Artists | CHRIS FOWLER IAN HOUSE JULIE GARCIA SUNGYEON JOH |
| MARK ADAMS NEIL BLEVINS | JOSÉE LAJOIE JESSICA GIAMPIETRO MCMACKIN |
| BRIAN CHRISTIAN RICHARD HURREY | IAN MEGIBBEN EILEEN O'NEILL |
| JAE H. KIM IVO KOS | KIMBERLY ROSS DALE RUFFOLO |
| MIKE KRUMMHOEFENER MARK PIRETTI | AFONSO SALCEDO JULIEN SCHREYER |
| EVAN PONTORIERO CHRIS SANCHEZ | DAVID SHAVERS KENNETH SULLIVAN |
| GARY SCHULTZ KEVIN SINGLETON | KYOUNG LEE SWEARINGEN ESDRAS VARAGNOLO |
| SUZANNE SLATCHER RICHARD SUN | JEREMY VICKERY |
| GASTÓN UGARTE CHUCK WAITE | Lighting Consultant SHARON CALAHAN |
| RAYMOND V. WONG | Lighting Optimization |
| | Engineers |
| Senior Shading Artist CHRIS BERNARDI | BRYAN CLINE |
| Shading Artists | Illumination Engineer JACOB KUENZEL |
| ALEXANDER ADELL ALEC BARTSCH | Lighting |
| NEIL BLEVINS MARC COOPER | Coordinators KATE RANSON-WALSH |
| NOAH HORNBERGER THOMAS JORDAN | ERIC ROSALES |
| MICHAEL KILGORE STEPHEN KING | |
| EMMA WEYERMAN MERRELL J. D. NORTHRUP | EFFECTS |
| ANDREW PIENAAR JOSH QUALTIERI | |
| KEITH STICHWEH RENEE TAM | Effects ManagerBRAD KANE |
| ANDREW WHITTOCK | Effects Sequence Leads CHRIS CHAPMAN |
| | JASON JOHNSTON |
| Set Dressing Artists CHRISTINA GARCIA | KEITH DANIEL KLOHN |
| ALISON LEAF | FERDI SCHEEPERS |
| SOPHIE VINCELETTE | Effects Artists |
| | FRANK AALBERS DAVID BATTE |
| Sets Coordinators SUSAN FRANK | JUAN J. BUHLER TOLGA GÖKTEKIN |
| ERIC ROSALES | SETH HOLLADAY CHRIS KING |
| Sets Production AssistantLAUREN TOPAL | MACH TONY KOBAYASHI TOM NIXON |
| Sets Interns JONATHAN FARRELL | ENRIQUE VILA BILL WATRAL |
| MICHAEL JUTAN | BRAD WINEMILLER |
| SHELDON SERRAO | Effects Interns DIEGO GARZÓN SANCHEZ |
| LICHTDIC | KURT PHILLIPS |
| LIGHTING | Lighting & Effects Production |
| Lighting Manager IENNI TOOL | Assistant SARAH CHIAPPINELLI |
| Lighting ManagerJENNI TSOI | |
| Technical Lighting Lead ERIK SMITT | |
| | |

| RENDERING & OPTIMIZATION | Additional Production |
|---|--|
| Rendering Manager PAUL MCAFEE | SupportVICTORIA JASCHOB DOUG NICHOLS ESTHER PEARL |
| Rendering & Optimization | DAVID WILLNERD |
| Artists JOSHUA JENNY | THOMAS QUINTAS |
| ALEXANDER KOLLIOPOULOS | |
| NICK LUCAS | In Loving Memory of |
| ALEXANDER TIMCHENKO | Justin Wright |
| Starfields Development MARK VANDEWETTERING | 1981 - 2008 |
| Rendering CoordinatorALICE CLENDENEN Rendering Intern | IMAGE MASTERING |
| | Manager JOSHUA HOLLANDER |
| TECHNICAL DEVELOPMENT | Lead Engineer ROD BOGART |
| T111 | Administration Manager BETH SULLIVAN |
| Technical Development Lead LUCAS R. A. IVES | Image Mastering Coordinator . ROBIN YOUNG Media Control Manager ROBERT TACHOIRES |
| Technical Development | Color Grading Operators DAVID LORTSHER |
| Coordinator MARY VAN ESCOBAR | SUSAN BRUNIG |
| | Media Control |
| Development Engineers | Transfer Operators ANDRA SMITH |
| BRIAN SMITS FRANK AALBERS | GLENN KASPRZYCKI |
| FAREED BEHMARAM-MOSAVAT FERDI SCHEEPERS MAXWELL PLANCK KURT FLEISCHER | JEFF WHITTLE RICHARD PINKHAM |
| CHRIS CHAPMAN JIAYI CHONG | Camera Operators JEFF WAN |
| KEITH DANIEL KLOHN MICHAEL K. O'BRIEN | MARK DINICOLA |
| MARTIN NGUYEN CHRIS SCHOENEMAN | Projection JOHN HAZELTON |
| DAVID WALLACE | TIMOTHY KENNELLY |
| Technical Interns NATHAN MATSUDA | Software Engineering DOMINIC GLYNN |
| MANISH SHARMA | DREW TTV ROGGE HEE SOO LEE |
| PRODUCTION | RICK SAYRE |
| Production | POST PRODUCTION |
| Finance Lead MARC SONDHEIMER | TOST TRODUCTION |
| Assistant to the | Post Production |
| Director MARGUERITE K. ENRIGHT | Supervisor PAUL CICHOCKI |
| Assistant to the Producers DANIEL COMBS | Director of Editorial & |
| Assistant Production | Post Production BILL KINDER |
| Accountants KIRSTEN AMES STAUBLI CHRISTOPHER 'STU' STEWART | International Managers CYNTHIA LUSK MARY VAN ESCOBAR |
| Production Office Manager . TRICIA ANDRES | International |
| Production | Technical Lead DOMENIC ALLEN |
| Office Assistants MEAGAN MILLER | International Editorial DAVID H. TANAKA |
| STEPHEN KRUG | International |
| MAX SACHAR | Art Direction SUSAN BRADLEY |
| PAUL BAKER Additional Production | Post Production Supervisor Video CVNTHIA SLAVENS |
| ManagementJULIET POKORNY | Supervisor, Video CYNTHIA SLAVENS Post Production Manager ERIC PEARSON |
| | |

| Post Production | |
|---|---|
| POST Production | Software Development |
| CoordinatorNOAH NEWMAN | JIM ATKINSON DAVID BARAFF |
| Management | MALCOLM BLANCHARD STAS BONDARENKO |
| Assistant KATELIN C. HOLLOWAY | JUEI CHANG BENA CURRIN |
| Post Production | GORDON CAMERON ADAM GABBERT |
| AssistantFREESIA PEARSON | THOMAS HAHN JAMIE HECKER |
| | |
| Original Dialogue Mixers VINCE CARO | |
| DOC KANE | RYAN KAUTZMAN MANUEL KRAEMER |
| Additional | DANIEL MCCOY GARY MONHEIT |
| Dialogue Recording BOBBY JOHANSON | SHAWN NEELY MICHAEL K. O'BRIEN |
| Supervising Sound Editor | BRIAN M. ROSEN MICHAEL SHANTZIS |
| & Mixer BEN BURTT | KIRIL VIDIMCE CHRISTINE WAGGONER |
| END TITLES | Infrastructure |
| Direction JIM CAPOBIANCO | BEAU CASEY JUNE FOSTER |
| Production Management SARA MAHER | RITA GARCIA SUSAN BOYLAN GRIFFIN |
| GALYN SUSMAN | BJÖRN LEFFLER MARÍA MILAGROS SOTO |
| Design Lead SCOTT MORSE | DAN WEEKS |
| Title Design SUSAN BRADLEY | DAIN WEEKS |
| Animation | PREPRODUCTION ENGINEERING |
| BOB SCOTT | TREE RODGETION ENGINEERING |
| KRISTOPHE VERGNE | Lead MICHAEL B. JOHNSON |
| | LeauWilchard B. Johnson |
| Background Paint JOHN LEE After Effects | Toom |
| | Team PRENDAN DONOLOGE PALBULUIT |
| CATHERINE M. KELLY | BRENDAN DONOHOE RALPH HILL |
| DENIDED DIDEN DIE CDOUD | PHRED LENDER JOSH MINOR |
| RENDER PIPELINE GROUP | RUDRAJIT SAMANTA |
| Manager ANNE PIA | Post Production Sound Services by |
| Technical Lead CHRISTOPHER C. WALKER | SKYWALKER SOUND |
| | A LUCASFILM LTD. COMPANY, |
| Team | MARIN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA |
| KATE CRONIN JOSH GRANT | Within Court I, Chell Old II |
| DON SCHREITER ERICK TRYZELAAR | Supervising |
| MIKE WALLACE ADAM WOOD-GAINES | Sound Editor MATTHEW WOOD |
| WIRE WALLACE ADAM WOOD-GAINES | |
| DDODLICTION ENGINEEDING | Re-Recording Mixers TOM MYERS |
| PRODUCTION ENGINEERING | MICHAEL SEMANICK |
| T I I E OFFI OTIAN OF A COLA | Sound Effects Editors TERESA ECKTON |
| Team Leads F. SEBASTIAN GRASSIA | DUSTIN CAWOOD |
| , T T 13 T D C C = - | AL NELSON |
| ALLAN POORE | |
| BILL POLSON | ADR Editor STEVE SLANEC |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS |
| BILL POLSON | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS JUAN PERALTA |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS JUAN PERALTA Assistant Supervising |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS JUAN PERALTA Assistant Supervising Sound Editor COYA ELLIOTT |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS JUAN PERALTA Assistant Supervising |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS JUAN PERALTA Assistant Supervising Sound Editor COYA ELLIOTT |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS JUAN PERALTA Assistant Supervising Sound Editor COYA ELLIOTT Foley Artists JANA VANCE DENNIE THORPE |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors |
| BILL POLSON GUIDO QUARONI | Foley Editors KEVIN SELLERS JUAN PERALTA Assistant Supervising Sound Editor COYA ELLIOTT Foley Artists JANA VANCE DENNIE THORPE |

Digital Transfer JONATHAN GREBER
CHRISTOPHER BARRON
JOHN COUNTRYMAN

Additional Voices

LORI ALAN **BOB BERGEN** JOHN CYGAN PETE DOCTER PAUL EIDING DON FULLILOVE JESS HARNELL SHERRY LYNN MICKIE MCGOWAN LARAINE NEWMAN TEDDY NEWTON JEFF PIDGEON JAN RABSON LORI RICHARDSON ANDREW STANTON JIM WARD COLETTE WHITAKER

MUSIC

Recorded & Mixed by TOMMY VICARI Orchestra Recorded by ARMIN STEINER Orchestrations by THOMAS PASATIERI, J.A.C. REDFORD Music Editor BILL BERNSTEIN Music Contractor..... LESLIE MORRIS Music Preparation . . JULIAN BRATOLYUBOV Assistant Music Editor . . . MICHAEL ZAINER Digital Audio LARRY MAH Executive Music Producer. . . CHRIS MONTAN Music Supervisor TOM MACDOUGALL Music Production Manager. . . ANDREW PAGE Music Business Affairs DONNA COLE-BRULÉ Music Production Coordinator ASHLEY CHAFIN Music Production Assistants... JILL IVERSON SIOBHAN SULLIVAN

Music Recorded & Mixed at Sony Pictures Scoring Stage, Newman Scoring Stage-Twentieth Century Fox Studios, The Village, and Paramount Pictures Scoring Stage M

"Down To Earth"
Produced by Peter Gabriel
L.A. Sessions Produced by Thomas Newman
Recorded by Richard Chappell
Mixed by Tchad Blake

"Put On Your Sunday Clothes"

"It Only Takes A Moment"

Written by Jerry Herman

Courtesy of Twentieth Century Fox

Film Corporation

"La Vie En Rose"
Written by Louiguy, Edith Piaf and Mack David
Performed by Louis Armstrong
Courtesy of The Verve Music Group
Under License from Universal Music
Enterprises

"Don't Worry, Be Happy"
Written and Performed by Bobby McFerrin
Produced by Linda Goldstein
Courtesy of Original Artists

"Also Sprach Zarathustra" Written by Richard Strauss

"BnL Jingle" Music by Thomas Newman Lyrics by Bill Bernstein

LIVE ACTION

Live Action Production by KERNER OPTICAL

CHRISTOPHER HALL **ZOE BOXER** JANET NIELSEN FRED MYERS ALICE TOMPKIN JOHN GAZDIK RANDY JONSSON **NELSON STOLL** SCOTT KINSEY BRIAN COPENHAGEN MICHAEL MEIER FRANK STRZALKOWSKI ORLANDO ORONA STEVE CARDELLINI TODD KUHN TOM CLOUTIER DON HENDERSON CHRIS SHELLENBERGER BERNIE DEMOLSKI CHRISTINE BLOOMINGDALE STEVE COLLINS DAVE MURPHY **BUCK O'HARE** JOHN DUNCAN BARBARA KASSEL JUDY FEIL NANCY SERVIN **GRETCHEN DAVIS** YVETTE RIVAS JENNIFER TREMONT DIANE HARRELL DANA BONILLA JAY BEVERLY **BLAKE BENHAM** MOLLY WELIN

> NANCY HAYES CASTING MARLA DELL CASTING BELLA CUCINA CATERING

Live Action Visual Effects by INDUSTRIAL LIGHT & MAGIC A LUCASFILM LTD. COMPANY

Visual Effects Supervisor ED HIRSH Visual Effects Producer JEANIE KING Digital Production Supervisor PATRICK TUBACH Lavout Supervisor BRIAN CANTWELL Visual Effects Editor GREG HYMAN Digital Paint & Roto Supervisor MICHAEL VAN EPS Digital Artists..... JASON BILLINGTON KAI CHANG LANNY CERMAK CARLOS MONZON Production Coordinator STACY BISSELL Media Operations C.J. NEFF Color Timers..... TERRY CLABORN JIM PASSON Negative Cutting by . . WALT DISNEY STUDIOS Pixar Senior Creative Team

MICHAEL ARNDT PETE DOCTER
GARY RYDSTROM BRAD BIRD
JOHN LASSETER LEE UNKRICH
BRENDA CHAPMAN BOB PETERSON

PIXAR STUDIO TEAM

A/V Engineering

DANIEL ANNEREAU CHRIS COLLINS
CHRISTOPHER FEHRING BOB FREY
GRANT GATZKE WARREN LATIMER
EDGAR QUIÑONES M.T. SILVIA
ALEX STAHL KELLI TOWNLEY
JASON WATKINS

Administration & Application Support
ALEJANDRO AGUILAR TLALOC ALVAREZ
RICKY DER CASSANDRA FALBY
MARTY LEW BRITTANY MOORE
HEIDI PARMELEE PETER PLACKOWSKI
MAY PON

Data Management Group

MARY ANN GALLAGHER MARK HARRISON PETER NYE HEIDI STETTNER MIKE SUNDY

Desktop & Infrastructure

NEFTALI "EL MAGNIFICO" ALVAREZ BRYAN BIRD JOHNOEL CUEVAS LARS R. DAMEROW JAMES G. DASHE ROSS DICKINSON MILES EGAN EDWARD ESCUETA TYLER FAZAKERLEY **ERIK FORMAN** REMY GALANG ALISA GILDEN JONATHAN HADDEN JAMES HANDELIN BETHANY JANE HANSON WARREN HAYS JASON HENDRIX DAN HOFFMAN LING HSU KENNETH HUEY JASON "JAYFISH" HULL JOSE RICHARD IGNACIO THOMAS INDERMAUR PETER KALDIS JOHN KIRKMAN **ELISE KNOWLES CORY ANDER KNOX** CHRIS LASELL MATTHEW MUHILI LINDAHL JEREMIAH MACIAS **BOB MORGAN** TERRY LEE MOSELEY MICHAEL A. O'BRIEN MARK PANANGANAN WIL PHAN A.U.B.I.E. NELSON SETTE SIU DAVID SOTNICK ANDY THOMAS RUDY JASON VUCELICH PETER WARD JAY WEILAND IAN WESTCOTT ROBERT YUMOL

Consumer Products

KELLY BONBRIGHT
AIDAN CLEELAND
T.Q. JEFFERSON
JONATHAN RODRIGUEZ
EN BEN BUTCHER
KAT CHANOVER
EMERY LOW
CHRISTOPHER SCHNABEL

Marketing

LEEANN ALAMEDA DONALD EVANS STEVEN ARGULA ED CHEN DEBORAH COLEMAN ANDY DREYFUS ADAM GATES **HILARY GOSS** CHERIE HAMMOND **ERIN HARRISON** HOLLY LLOYD SEAN MCGINN DESIREE MOURAD SHANNON NICOSIA **BURT PENG** LAURIE SCHREY AMANDA SORENA HASIA SROAT CLAYBORN WELCH TIMOTHY ZOHR

DVD Production

STEVE BLOOM TIM FOX
TONY KAPLAN MORGAN KARADI
SUREENA MANN ERICA MILSOM
BRICE PARKER

Theme Parks

ANTHONY A. APODACA
LOREN CARPENTER
DAVID DIFRANCESCO
LIZ GAZZANO
MATTHEW MARTIN
KRISTA SHEFFLER
JACLYN SIMON
J. WARREN TREZEVANT

NICK BERRY
EDWIN CHANG
EDWIN CHANG

EDWIN CHANG

TOM DUFF
ROGER GOULD

ACLYN SIMON
CAROL WANG

Production Resources

SHELLEY KATAYAMA TERRY MCQUEEN
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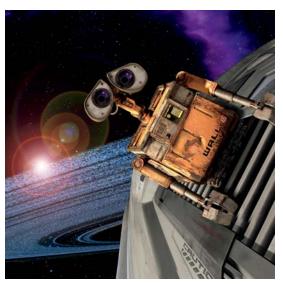




WALL•E

ABOUT THE PRODUCTION

What if mankind had to leave Earth and somebody forgot to turn off the last robot?



That's the intriguing and whimsical premise posed by Disney•Pixar's extraordinary new computer-animated comedy set in space, "WALL•E." Filled with humor, heart, fantasy, and emotion, "WALL•E" takes moviegoers on a remarkable journey across the galaxy and once again demonstrates Pixar's ability to create entire worlds and set new standards for storytelling, character development, out-of-thisworld music composition, and state-of-the-art CG animation.

Set in a galaxy not so very far away, "WALL•E" is an original and exciting comedy about a determined robot. After hundreds of

lonely years doing what he was built for, WALL•E (Waste Allocation Load Lifter Earth-Class) discovers a new purpose in life (besides collecting knickknacks) when he meets a sleek search robot named EVE (Extra-terrestrial Vegetation Evaluator). EVE comes to realize that WALL•E has inadvertently stumbled upon the key to the planet's future and races back to space to report her findings to the humans who have been eagerly waiting aboard the luxury spaceship Axiom for news that it is safe to return home. Meanwhile, WALL•E chases EVE across the galaxy and sets into motion one of the most incredible comedy adventures ever brought to the big screen.

Joining WALL•E on his fantastic journey across the universe 800 years into the future is a hilarious cast of characters, including a pet cockroach and a heroic team of malfunctioning misfit robots.

The ninth feature from Disney and Pixar Animation Studios, "WALL•E" follows the studio's most recent triumph, "Ratatouille," which won an Oscar® for Best Animated Feature, garnered the best reviews for any 2007 release, and was a box-office hit all over the globe. The combined worldwide box-office gross for Pixar's first eight releases is an astounding \$4.3 billion.

"WALL•E" is the latest film from Academy Award®-winning director/writer Andrew Stanton, who joined Pixar in 1990 as its second animator and the fledgling studio's ninth employee. He was one of the four screenwriters to receive an Oscar nomination in 1996 for his contribution to "Toy Story" and was credited as a screenwriter on subsequent Pixar films,

including "A Bug's Life," "Toy Story 2," "Monsters, Inc.," and "Finding Nemo," for which he earned an Oscar nomination as co-writer. Additionally, he co-directed "A Bug's Life," executive-produced "Monsters, Inc." and the 2007 Academy Award®-winning "Ratatouille," and won an Oscar for Best Animated Feature for "Finding Nemo."

Disney•Pixar's "WALL•E," directed by Andrew Stanton from an original story by Stanton and Pete Docter and a screenplay by Stanton and Jim Reardon, is executive-produced by John Lasseter and produced by Jim Morris ("Star Wars: Episode I" and "Episode II," "Pearl

Harbor," "The Abyss," and three of the "Harry Potter" films), who helped create some of the industry's groundbreaking visual effects during his 18-year association with ILM as president of Lucas Digital. Lindsey Collins, an 11-year Pixar veteran, serves as co-producer; Thomas Porter is associate producer. Oscar®-winning cinematographer Roger Deakins serves as visual consultant.

The voice cast includes funnyman Jeff Garlin ("Curb Your Enthusiasm"), Pixar veteran John Ratzenberger ("Cheers," "Ratatouille," "Toy Story"), actress Kathy Najimy ("Sister Act," "King of the Hill"), stage and film star Sigourney



Weaver ("Alien," "Gorillas in the Mist," "Baby Mama"), and acclaimed four-time Oscar®-winning sound designer Ben Burtt ("E.T.: The Extra-Terrestrial," "Indiana Jones and the Last Crusade"). Comedian Fred Willard ("Best in Show," "Back to You") also appears in the film.

WALL•E's expressive range of robotic voices was created by Burtt, whose memorable work includes creating the "voices" of other legendary robots, such as R2-D2 (from the "Star Wars" films). Drawing on 30 years of experience as one of the industry's top sound experts, Burtt was involved from the film's earliest stages in creating an entire world of sound for all of the robotic characters and the spacecraft, as well as all environments.

The original score for "WALL•E" is composed by eight-time Oscar® nominee Thomas Newman, who had previously worked with Stanton on "Finding Nemo." Rock-and-roll legend Peter Gabriel collaborated with Newman on an original song called "Down to Earth." Gabriel wrote the lyrics for this captivating and clever musical epilogue and performed the song as well.

OUT TO LUNCH: PIXAR PIONEERS CHEW ON NEW FILM CONCEPTS— A ROMANTIC ROBOT BEGINS TO TAKE SHAPE

The idea for "WALL•E" came about in 1994 at a now-famous lunch that included Pixar pioneers Stanton, John Lasseter, Pete Docter, and the late storytelling genius Joe Ranft. With their first feature, "Toy Story," in production, the group suddenly realized that they might actually get a chance to make another movie. At that fateful gathering, the ideas for "A Bug's Life," "Monsters, Inc.," and "Finding Nemo" were first discussed. "One of the things I remember coming out of it was the idea of a little robot left on Earth," says Stanton. "We had no story. It was sort of this Robinson Crusoe kind of little character—like, what if mankind

had to leave Earth and somebody forgot to turn the last robot off, and he didn't know he could stop doing what he's doing?"

Years later, the idea took shape—literally. "I started to just think of him doing his job every day and compacting trash that was left on Earth," Stanton recalls. "And it just really got me thinking about what if the most human thing left in the universe was a machine? That really was the spark. It has had a long journey."

Stanton says he was heavily influenced by the sci-fi films of the 1970s. "Films like '2001,' 'Star Wars,' 'Alien,' 'Blade Runner,' and 'Close Encounters'—they all had a look and feel to them that really transported me to another place, and I really believed that those worlds were out there," he explains. "I haven't seen a movie since then that made me feel that same way when we went out to space, so I wanted to recapture that feeling."

In preparation for their assignment on "WALL•E," Pixar's animation team made field trips to recycling stations to observe giant trash crushers and other machinery at work, studied real robots up close and in person at the studio, and watched a wide range of classic films (from silents to sci-fi) for insights into cinematic expression. Sticking to Pixar's motto of "truth in materials," the animators approached each robot as being created to perform a particular function and tried to stay within the physical limitations of each design while creating performances with personality. Alan Barillaro and Steven Clay Hunter served as the film's supervising animators, with Angus MacLane assuming directing animator duties.

Production designer Ralph Eggleston ("The Incredibles," "Finding Nemo," "Toy Story") drew inspiration for the look of "WALL•E" from NASA paintings from the '50s and '60s and original concept paintings for Disneyland's Tomorrowland by Disney Imagineers. He recalls,

"Our approach to the look of this film wasn't about what the future is going to be like. It was about what the future could be—which is a lot more interesting. That's what we wanted to impart with the design of this film. In designing the



look of the characters and the world, we want audiences to really believe the world they're seeing. We want the characters and the world to be real—not realistic-looking, but real in terms of believability."

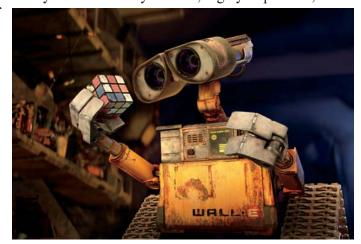
Adding to the believability of the film is the way the film is photographed. Jeremy Lasky, director of photography for camera, explains, "The whole look of 'WALL•E' is different from anything that's been done in animation before. We really keyed in to some of the quintessential sci-fi films from the '60s and '70s as touchstones for how the film should feel and look."

Stanton adds, "We did a lot of camera-work adjustment and improvements on our software so our cameras were more like the Panavision 70mm cameras that were used on a lot of those movies in the '70s."

A WORLD OF ROBOTS AND OTHER BOTS: THE WHO'S WHO IN "WALL•E"

• WALL•E (Waste Allocation Load Lifter Earth-Class) is the last robot left on Earth, programmed to clean up the planet, one trash cube at a time. However, after 700 years, he's developed one little glitch—a personality. He's extremely curious, highly inquisitive, and a

little lonely. WALL•E was one of thousands of robots sent by the Buy n Large corporation to clean up the planet while humans went on a luxury space cruise. He is alone, except for the companionship of his pet cockroach, affectionately known within Pixar's walls as Hal (named after a famous 1920s producer, Hal Roach, and in homage to HAL from "2001: A



Space Odyssey"). WALL•E faithfully compacts cubes of trash every day, uncovering and collecting artifacts along the way. In fact, WALL•E has amassed a treasure trove of knickknacks—a Rubik's Cube®, a lightbulb, a spork—which he keeps in a transport truck he calls home. A bit of a romantic, WALL•E dreams of making a connection one day, certain that there must be more to life than this monotonous job he does every day. His dream takes him across the galaxy and on an adventure beyond his greatest expectations.

- EVE (Extra-terrestrial Vegetation Evaluator) is a sleek, state-of-the-art probe-droid. She's fast, she flies, and she's equipped with a laser gun. EVE, also called Probe One by the captain of the Axiom (the enormous luxury mother ship which houses thousands of displaced humans), is one of a fleet of similar robots sent to Earth on an undisclosed scanning mission. EVE has a classified directive, and she is determined to complete her mission successfully. She hardly even notices her new admirer, WALL•E. One day, frustrated with not finding what she is looking for, she takes a break and develops an unexpected bond with this quirky robot. Together, they embark on an amazing journey through space.
- M-O (Microbe-Obliterator) is a cleaner-bot programmed to clean anything that comes aboard the Axiom that is deemed a "foreign contaminant." M-O travels speedily around the Axiom on his roller ball, cleaning the dirty objects he encounters. His biggest challenge comes on the day WALL•E shows up on the ship. M-O becomes fixated on the filthiest robot he has ever seen. A game of cat and mouse ensues as M-O attempts to wash years of garbage residue off WALL•E. However, as WALL•E tries to escape this pest, the two eventually become friends, and M-O is soon WALL•E's devoted sidekick.
- AXIOM is the space-docked ship housing humans. Serving as the voice of the ship's computer is Sigourney Weaver, who coincidentally made her motion-picture debut in

"Alien," one of Stanton's inspirations for the film. And since her character in "Alien" battled Mother, the ship's computer, casting Weaver in the role was ultimately a nod to sci-fi for the filmmakers.

- CAPTAIN is the current commander of the Axiom. Trapped in a routine, like WALL•E, the captain longs for a break in the tiresome cycle of his so-called life. His uneventful duties are simply checking and rechecking the ship's status with Auto, the autopilot. When he is informed of a long-awaited discovery by one of the probe-droids, he discovers his inner calling to become the courageous leader he never could have imagined and plots a new course for humanity. Jeff Garlin, part of the hilarious ensemble cast on the popular HBO series "Curb Your Enthusiasm," lends his voice to this likeable character.
- AUTO is the Axiom's autopilot, who has piloted the ship through all of its 700 years in space. A carefully programmed robot in the form of the ship's steering wheel, Auto's manner is cold, mechanical, and seemingly dutiful to the captain. Unknown to all the Axiom crew, a hidden mandate exists in Auto's programming. Auto is determined to execute these secret orders at any cost, regardless of the consequences for the inhabitants of the Axiom.
- REJECT BOTS are the Axiom's cornucopia of robots that perform every function imaginable to serve the ship's passengers and keep them in the lap of luxury. However, even hundreds of years in the future,



machines are still fallible. Robots that have malfunctioned are sent to the repair ward and branded with a red boot. WALL•E befriends this renegade group of reject bots, among them a beautician-bot that fails to beautify her clients, a vacu- bot that erroneously spits out dirt, and an umbrella-bot that opens and closes at inopportune moments. The misfit robots band together with WALL•E to change the fate of the Axiom.

- GO-4 is the Axiom's first mate, who harbors a secret with the autopilot. A roving pneumatic capsule with a siren light for a head, he is dutiful to a fault.
- JOHN and MARY are two of the humans living on the Axiom, where they have settled into a life of pampered luxury. The arrival of WALL•E jolts them from their daily routines and causes them to realize the existence of one another and that there may be more to life than floating around on their high-tech deck chairs. Pixar veteran/good-luck charm John Ratzenberger lends his voice to the character of John, while actress/comedienne Kathy Najimy ("Sister Act," "King of the Hill") speaks for Mary.

• SHELBY FORTHRIGHT is the personable and charming CEO of the Buy n Large corporation, the massive global entity that gained control of the universe with its product line of robots (including the WALL•E line) and luxury space cruisers (like the Axiom). The corporation's promises of a great, big, beautiful tomorrow echo on through Forthright's digital messages even though things haven't turned out according to plan. Fred Willard ("Best in Show," "Fernwood 2 Night") appears in the film as the face of the company.

THE IDEA BECOMES REALITY: DIRECTOR/CO-WRITER ANDREW STANTON'S FUTURISTIC TALE OF ROBOTS, ROMANCE AND GALACTIC ADVENTURE

"We wanted the audience to believe they were witnessing a machine that has come to life. The more they believe it's a machine, the more appealing the story becomes."

--- Andrew Stanton, Director/Co-Writer

The image of a lonely little robot—the last one on the planet—methodically going about his job picking up trash intrigued director/co-writer Andrew Stanton from the first time it

came up over lunch with his colleagues back in 1994. It would be many years before he would find a unique story that could use this character to its full potential.

Stanton explains, "I became fascinated with the loneliness that this situation



evoked and the immediate empathy that you had for this character. We spend most of our time on films trying to make our main characters likeable so that you want to follow them and root for them. I started thinking, 'Well, where do I go with a character like this?' And it didn't take long to realize that the opposite of loneliness is love or being with somebody. I was immediately hooked and seduced by the idea of a machine falling in love with another machine. And especially with the backdrop of a universe that has lost the understanding of the



point of living. To me, that seemed so poetic. I loved the idea of humanity getting a second chance because of this one little guy who falls in love. I'm a hopeless romantic in cynic's clothing. This movie gave me a chance to indulge in

that romantic side a little more than I normally would in public."

Jim Reardon—a veteran director and story supervisor on "The Simpsons," who directed 35 episodes of the show and supervised story on nearly 150 episodes—came on board to be head of story for "WALL•E." He ended up co-writing the screenplay for the film along with Stanton.



According to Reardon, "We started with the idea of making 'WALL•E' comedy, but about a third of the way through, realized that the film is a love story, too. WALL•E is an innocent and child-like little character who

unintentionally ends up having a huge impact on the world. The story arc of the film is really about EVE. Her character undergoes the biggest change, and the film is as much about her as it is about him. She's very sleek, techno-sexy, and very futuristic-looking. He's totally designed just to do his job and is rusty, dirty, and ugly. But we always thought that would make a great romantic adventure."

Producer Jim Morris sums it up. "This film is a mix of genres. It's a love story, it's a science-fiction film, it's a comedy, it's a romantic comedy."

One of the great turning points for Stanton in creating the story for "WALL•E" was stumbling upon the idea of using the musical imagery and songs from the 1969 movie version of "Hello, Dolly!" to help him define WALL•E's personality. In fact, it is WALL•E's repeated viewings of an old videotape of that film (the only one in his collection) that have led to the glitch of his romantic feelings.

Stanton explains, "I had been searching for the right musical elements to go with the film, and stumbling upon 'Hello, Dolly!' was the best thing that could have ever happened. The song 'Put on Your Sunday Clothes,' with its 'Out There' prologue, seemed to play so well with the themes of the film and yet would normally not be the kind of music you'd expect to find in a film like ours. It's a very naïve song, really, and it's sung in 'Hello, Dolly!' by two guys who don't know anything about life. They want to go to the big city, and they 'won't come home until we've kissed a girl.' There's such simple joy to it, and it really worked for us. When I found 'It Only Takes a Moment,' it was like a godsend. That song became a huge tool for me to show WALL•E's interest in what love is."

> It only takes a moment For your eyes to meet and then Your heart knows in a moment You will never be alone again I held her for an instant But my arms felt sure and strong It only takes a moment To be loved a whole life long...

-Excerpt: "It Only Takes a Moment" from "Hello, Dolly!"

Says producer Morris, "Holding hands is the thing that WALL•E's wanted to do the entire movie, 'cause it's what he's learned from watching 'Hello, Dolly!'...it's the way you show affection in that movie."

Adds Stanton, "And I realized, 'That's right.' That musical moment in the film showed these

two people holding hands, and I knew it was meant to be," he says. "I've always felt, almost with a zealous passion, that animation can tell as many stories in different ways as any other medium, and it's rarely been pushed outside of its comfort zone," concludes Stanton. "I was so proud to have had something to do with the origin and creation of 'Toy Story,' because I

felt that the tone of the movie and the manner of its storytelling broke a lot of conventions that were in people's minds. And I still feel like you can keep pushing those boundaries. Even before I knew this film was going to be called



'WALL•E,' I knew it was yet another step in pushing those boundaries out farther. I'm so proud that I got a chance to make it and that it matched my expectations."

"This little robot actually teaches humanity how to be human again."

-Lindsey Collins, Co-Producer

Co-producer Lindsey Collins observes, "Andrew's films have an incredible emotional core to them that lays the foundation upon which the action-adventure plays out. He writes stories that are so simple and identifiable. Even though the movie is out there in terms of its concept and scale, it feels very personal from him as a writer. He likes to write about small characters whose journey or struggle has an enormous impact. In 'Finding Nemo,' Marlon went on a journey, and Dory unintentionally had this enormous impact on him, and he was changed as a result. In a similar way, WALL•E is this unintentional hero. He has the ability to impact humanity, and the ironic thing is that he is the most human thing left on Earth. This little robot actually teaches humanity how to be human again. It's that twist and irony combined with real emotion that I think is going to resonate with audiences."

STRETCHING THE LIMITS OF ANIMATION: PIXAR'S ANIMATORS ADD ROBOTS TO THEIR REPERTOIRE

Pixar's talented team of animators has tackled some seemingly impossible tasks for the films they've created, raising the bar for quality animation on every occasion. From toys to ants, fish to monsters, and superheroes to culinary rats, they've created memorable characters that have become icons the world over. For their latest assignment on "WALL•E," new challenges were posed by a colorful cast of robot and human characters. With supervising animators Alan Barillaro and Steve Hunter in charge of the group (50 animators at the peak of production), and directing animator Angus MacLane adding his experience and talent, this film represents another triumph in the art of animation.

Jim Reardon, head of story for "WALL•E," observes, "What we didn't want to do on this film was draw human-looking robots with arms, legs, heads and eyes, and have them talk. We wanted to take objects that you normally wouldn't associate with having humanlike characteristics and see what we could get out of them through design and animation."

Stanton explains, "We wanted the audience to believe they were witnessing a machine that has come to life. The more they believe it's a machine, the more appealing the story becomes."

"In 'WALL•E,' the animators are really operating at the height of their craft to be able to convey emotions and complex thoughts with so few words.

It's more about being able to touch people through the animation."

-Ed Catmull, President of Disney and Pixar Animation Studios

One of the biggest challenges facing the animators was the need to communicate emotions and actions clearly without being able to rely on traditional dialogue.

"We felt we could do it with nontraditional dialogue, maintaining the integrity of the character," says Stanton. "In real life, when characters can't speak—a baby, a pet—people tend to infer their own emotional beliefs onto them: 'I think it's sad,' 'She likes me.' It's very engaging for an audience."

According to Ed Catmull, president of Disney and Pixar Animation Studios, "In 'WALL•E,' the animators are really operating at the height of their craft to be able to convey emotions and complex thoughts with so few words. It's more about being able to touch people through the animation."

Stanton notes, "In the world of animation, pantomime is the thing that animators love best. It's their bread and butter, and they're raised on it instinctually. John Lasseter realized this when he animated and directed his first short for Pixar, 'Luxo Jr.,' featuring two lamp characters who express themselves entirely without dialogue. The desire to give life to an inanimate object is innate in animators. For the animators on 'WALL•E,' it was like taking the handcuffs off and letting them run free. They were able to let the visuals tell most of the story. They also discovered that it's a lot more difficult to achieve all the things they needed to.

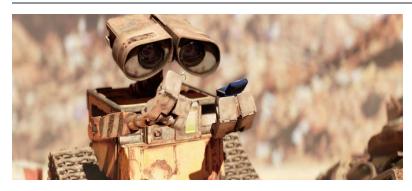
"I kept trying to make the animators put limitations on themselves, because I wanted the construction of the machines and how they were engineered to be evident," Stanton adds. "The



characters seem robotic because they don't squash and stretch. It was a real brain tease for the animators to figure out how to get the same kind of ideas communicated and timed the way it would sell from a storytelling

standpoint and yet still feel like the machine was acting within the limitations of its design and construction. It was very challenging—and completely satisfying when somebody found the right approach and solution."

To help prepare them for their assignment, the filmmakers and animation team met with people who designed real-life robots, visited NASA scientists at Jet Propulsion Laboratory, attended robotic conferences, and even brought in some real robots, including a bomb-sniffing robot from the local police department. To understand what the human characters might look like after hundreds of years of pampered life in space, NASA expert Jim Hicks came in to discuss disuse atrophy and the effects of zero gravity on the body.



Jason Deamer, the film's character art director, recalls that one of the starting points in designing WALL•E was his eyes. "Andrew came in one day with the inspiration for WALL•E's eyes. He had been to a baseball game and

was using a pair of binoculars. He suddenly became aware that if he tilted them slightly, you got a very different look and feeling out of them. That became one of the key design elements for the main character."

The rest of WALL•E's design stemmed from functionality. "How does he get trash into himself and how does he compact it?" Deamer asks. Field trips were made to recycling plants to see trash-compacting machines in action. "We knew he needed treads to go up and over heaps of trash," he says. "He also needed to be able to compact cubes of trash and have some kind of hands to gesticulate."

DO ROBOTS HAVE ELBOWS?

One of the big points of discussion in creating the character of WALL•E was whether or not he should have elbows.

"Early in the film, we had designed WALL•E with elbows," explains supervising animator Steve Hunter. "This gave him the ability to bend his arms. As animators, we were fighting for it, thinking he's got to be able to touch his face, hang off a spaceship, and have a wide range of motion. But when you really looked at it, it didn't feel right. He's designed to do a task, which is to pull trash into his belly. Why would he have elbows? It didn't make any sense. So with Andrew's help and an inspired idea by directing animator Angus MacLane, we gave him a track around his side which allowed him to position his arms differently and give him a range of motion. It helped us flesh out the character a lot more. Something like elbows may seem kind of trivial, but the way we solved the problem makes you believe in WALL•E more, because we didn't take the easy way out."

Despite the relative simplicity of his movements, animating WALL•E proved to be one of the toughest assignments yet for the animation team. According to supervising animator Barillaro, "WALL•E has a lot of different controls, including about 50 for the head alone. He's not organic like a human. We had to boil his movements down to their bare essence to make them effective. The first thing the animators wanted to do when they got a scene with him was to do all their tricks, like bouncing his head around. They were trying to get too broad and too human. We had to keep reminding them to pare things down and go as simply as possible with the animation. Simpler is definitely better in this case."

With WALL•E's voice being such an important part of his personality, the animators worked in close concert with sound designer Ben Burtt to inspire one another. Typically, the animators would work with the rough designs to prepare test animation. Burtt would then add WALL•E's voice and send it back to the animators for another pass. Voice and animation would get edited together, and out of that would come the final performance.

"She has this gracefulness and elegance in the way she moves, which you'd expect in a technically advanced robot."

-Angus MacLane, Directing Animator

Animating EVE also posed its share of challenges for the group. With only two blinking eyes and four moving parts, she required a lot of advanced thought and just the right subtle movement. Designed to look like a futuristic robot, EVE is the epitome of elegance and simplicity.

"We wanted her to be graceful," says Stanton. "There are different ways to convey what is masculine and what is feminine in this world, and we felt that she should be fluid, seamless, she should have attractive feminine qualities."

MacLane explains, "While WALL•E's movements are more traditional, with motors, gears, and cogs, EVE is this sleek, egg-shaped robot who moves through the use of magnets. Every frame and composition has to be cheated ever so slightly so that it's pleasing to the eye. She has this gracefulness and elegance in the way she moves, which you'd expect in a technically advanced robot."

Hunter adds, "Every plane change, every angle, and even the way her head curved around to the back when rotated had to be posed in a certain way to make it feel right. Everything with her had to be really, really subtle. Basically, she consists of only four parts and two eyes

that blink. We had a lot of discussions about how she would move using her arms. We treated her almost like a drawing in some ways and came up with just the right poses to express emotion. It's pretty amazing how much you really read into her."

In addition to some of the other main robot characters—Auto, M-O and the reject bots, among others—the character design team created a



catalogue of robots and crowds of up to 10,000 humans to populate the Axiom. A modular robot system was devised using a series of different robot heads that could be combined with a variety of arms and bodies. Painted various colors and otherwise differentiated, countless robots were created.

Co-producer Collins notes, "We created a library of characters with interchangeable parts so that we could do a build-a-bot program. We could choose from different kinds of treads and arms. You could swap them to create different silhouettes and characters. We had close to a hundred variations and about 25 different basic silhouettes that we could mix and match to make the world seem fuller."

MacLane credits Stanton with inspiring the animators to do their best work. "What makes Andrew such a successful director," says MacLane, "is his ability to see the film in its entirety at all times. He's able to zero in on what you're working on and suggest how to make it better for the sequence. His sense of story is so strong, and he knows how to communicate that to the animators. He likened good storytelling to telling a joke. He's ultimately trying to tell a really

good joke over a period of nearly 90 minutes. We have all these building blocks that evoke emotions, and he's trying to figure out the best way to tell it. Our job in animation is to make sure we're communicating clearly to the audience and that it supports his ideas for the story."

Stanton sums up his appreciation for the animators on the film. "They were just such champions of this movie, and they really loved the concept and particularly the challenges and the limitations that we had put upon ourselves for designing all the characters the way we did. They got it from the very beginning."

WHAT THE BEEP? LEGENDARY SOUND DESIGNER BEN BURTT CREATES UNIQUE ROBOT VOICES ALONG WITH A UNIVERSE OF SOUNDS FOR "WALL•E"

The cast of characters in "WALL•E" includes a wide assortment of robots, including several that speak or communicate in their own unique language. For the film's producer, Jim Morris, and director/co-writer Andrew Stanton, there was only one clear choice to create the specialty voices for these robot characters and design the sounds for this film. And that choice was multiple Oscar®-winning sound designer Ben Burtt, the legendary talent who created the voice of R2-D2, the crack of Indiana Jones' whip, the hiss for "Alien," and many other iconic sounds known to moviegoers everywhere.

"Ben is one of a kind," says Stanton. "He is such a master of sound design, and he's the name that's been made famous by every kid who ever liked 'Star Wars' and all the films that followed.

"When I realized I was actually going to get the chance to make 'WALL•E,' I knew that in many ways, the film had to rely on sound to tell the story," Stanton continues. "I wanted our robots to communicate more on the level of R2-D2 than C-3PO—with their own machine-like language. I felt it would be more clever, more interesting that way. When Jim told me that he had worked with Ben at ILM for many years and suggested that we invite him over, I was thrilled. I pitched the movie to Ben and told him that I would need him to be a good deal of my cast. Thank goodness he said yes, because it soon became obvious that we couldn't have done it without him. He's the absolute best."

Jim Morris adds, "Ben's ability to create otherworldly voices and special voices that have

emotion and sentiment made him a perfect casting choice for 'WALL•E,' and we're so delighted that he worked on the film. Some of the character voices he created are completely synthetic, some are made up of a conglomeration of



various types of sounds that Ben has found or created, and some of them are based on a little bit of human performance that is then manipulated. Ben was also extremely important with all the sounds in the movie."

"It was a weird balance between sounding like it was generated by a machine but still having the warmth and intelligence—I call it soul—that a human being has."

-Ben Burtt, Sound Designer

Burtt explains, "My background on 'Star Wars' gave me lots of experience in working with robot and alien voices, but 'WALL•E' required more sounds for the robot characters than any

previous movie I'd worked on. The challenge of this film was to create character voices that the audience would believe are not human. Yet they could relate to the characters with all the intimacy, affection and identity that they'd attribute to a living human character. The voices



couldn't just sound like a machine with no personality or like an actor behind a curtain imitating a robot. It was a weird balance between sounding like it was generated by a machine but still having the warmth and intelligence—I call it soul—that a human being has."

Burtt got the call to work on "WALL•E" just months after completing work on the last "Star Wars" film. He had told his wife "No more robots," but the temptation to work at Pixar on an entirely different kind of robot film proved to be too strong.

"Fortunately, it was such a fresh and exciting idea, and the challenge of the sound in the film really appealed to me," says Burtt. "Sound and the robot voices were going to play such an unusual role that I couldn't help but be inspired. So, of course, I signed on to work with Jim and Andrew and do the sound design for the film."

Regarding the voice for the character of WALL•E, Burtt explains, "It starts with me in my little recording chamber in our sound department. I take those original recordings and run it through my computer in which the sound is analyzed and broken down into all its component parts. Much like you'd take light and run it through a prism to break it into a spectrum of colors, you can do the same thing with an audio file. Once you've broken the sound into all its component parts, you can start re-fabricating it back together again. But now you can control the amounts of one thing or another. I can inject a machine-like quality into the sound and do things to it that the human vocal chords could never really do. You can hold a certain vowel longer and stretch it. You can change the pitch of something up and down. You can put two sounds close together. In re-fabricating the sound with a particular program I developed, I was able to keep as much of the original performance as I wanted but add a bit of synthetic form to it.

"If sound were Silly Putty," adds Burtt, "you could stretch it and make it longer. And I found a way of working on WALL•E's voice where I could do that. It gave a quality that Andrew really liked, and it allowed us to keep the personality going."

In addition to the character WALL•E, Burtt was also responsible for the voices of M-O, Auto and EVE, whose tone he created by manipulating the voice of Pixar employee Elissa Knight.

For the other sounds in the film, Burtt created a library of 2,400 files—the most he's ever accumulated for any film. "WALL•E" was Burtt's first animated feature. "Animation is very

dense, and the sounds are all really fast," he observes. "When I was initially making sounds for WALL•E, I found I was always doing it too slow, so I had to speed up everything in my life to get the sounds fast."

Burtt had to be resourceful in creating sounds for the film. To make the sound of the cockroach skittering, he found a pair of police handcuffs and recorded the clicking



as he took them apart and reassembled them. To get the sound of EVE flying, he found someone who had built a 10-foot-long, radio-controlled jet plane and recorded it flying immediately overhead. Running up and down a carpeted hallway with a big, heavy canvas bag created a howling wind effect that was perfect for an Earth windstorm. And a hand-cranked inertia starter from a 1930s biplane did the trick in creating the sound of WALL•E moving into high gear.

"The best part of working on any film when you're the sound designer is when you're alone in your editing room and you've got some finished footage in front of you," says Burtt. "And you put the sound in for the first time, and something really clicks. You're the first one to see it, and that's a sweet moment. Wandering the halls at Pixar was really inspiring, because there are so many talented people there doing incredible things. I would go back to my studio and think, 'Can my sound be as good as what I'm seeing?'"

OUT THERE: PRODUCTION DESIGNER RALPH EGGLESTON'S FANTASTIC VISIONS OF EARTH AND SPACE

The production design for "WALL•E" required a unique cinematic vision of the future that ran the gamut—from an abandoned, trash-covered Earth to an enormous floating cruise ship



in space perched on the edge of a nebula that is home to thousands of humans. Overseeing the production design on the film was Ralph Eggleston ("Finding Nemo"), a Pixar veteran with art-director credits on "Toy Story" and

"The Incredibles," also the director of the Oscar®-winning short "For the Birds." Working closely with him to achieve his artistic goals were three top art directors: Anthony Christov (sets art director), Bert Berry (shader art director), and Jason Deamer (character art director).

"We find our own sense of world and create it from scratch."

-Ralph Eggleston, Production Designer

According to producer Morris, "The biggest overall challenge on this film from my point of view was the production design and locking down the look of our sets and environments. We knew going into it that we needed to have a future incarnation of Earth in its abandoned state, but it was enormously complicated to get all the detailed nooks and crannies figured out. The design of the Axiom and the space environments was also tricky, but we had a larger body of material for those elements to research and learn from. Ralph and his team did an amazing job creating entertaining and intriguing worlds that became characters in their own right and helped Andrew tell the story he wanted to tell."

"One of the great things about what Pixar does," explains Eggleston, "is that we create animated films that also have elements of special-effects films and live-action films. We find our own sense of world and create it from scratch. With 'WALL•E,' it was essential that the audience believe in this world or they would have a hard time believing that our main character is really the last robot on Earth. So we set out to make our Earth setting very realistic, with a



great level of detail. We created nearly six miles of cityscape so that everywhere WALL•E goes, we know exactly where it is and that world really exists. We ended up stylizing it quite a bit for animation, but these are the most realistic settings we've ever created here at Pixar. This

was also our toughest assignment from an artistic standpoint.

"Another one of our goals on this film was to use color and lighting to highlight WALL•E's emotions and help the audience connect with them," Eggleston adds. "Act one is all about romantic and emotional lighting, and act two is very much about sterility, order, and cleanliness. The second act is the direct antithesis of the first. As the film progresses, we slowly but surely introduce a little bit more romantic lighting. A big part of my job is wrangling all of these disparate ideas from the art department all the way through the production pipeline."

For inspiration in creating the look of outer space for "WALL•E," Eggleston and his team turned to idealized views of the future from NASA scientists of the '50s and '60s and the concept art for Disneyland's Tomorrowland.

"One of the biggest influences for me and everyone on the film in terms of creating our vision of the future was the art created for Tomorrowland," explains Eggleston. "It wasn't about the specifics but rather the notion of 'Where's my jet pack?' You look at a lot of the space-program paintings of the '40s, '50s, and '60s, and you see fantastic imagery of buildings on Mars. Somewhere around 1978, they stopped doing that, because they wouldn't fund anything that they knew they couldn't do. We were interested in showing what the future could be like and won't it be great when we get there. That's what we wanted to impart with a lot of the design of this film."

Inspiration for the Axiom design came from researching luxury cruise ships, including those operated by Disney. Field trips to Vegas also helped to suggest practical lighting for an artificial luxury setting.

"The original concept for the Axiom came from a cruise line," says Eggleston. "We designed a massive spaceship that is as big as a city, several miles long, and capable of holding hundreds of thousands of residents. We knew that the audience would need some kind of visual grounding, so we put it next to a nebula. When we first see the nebula, it reminds you of a mountain with something on top, and then it reveals the Axiom."

ADVANCING THE ART OF COMPUTER ANIMATION: ACCLAIMED CINEMATOGRAPHER ROGER DEAKINS AND VISUAL-EFFECTS PIONEER DENNIS MUREN CONSULT ON "WALL•E"

"One of the things that Andrew wanted to do with 'WALL•E' was to create a different look than we're used to seeing in animated films," recalls producer Morris. "Very often, animated films feel like they're recorded in some kind of computer space. We wanted this film to feel like cinematographers with real cameras had gone to these places and filmed what we were seeing. We wanted it to have artifacts of photography and to seem real and much more gritty than animated films tend to be. During my many years working at ILM, I had met several people that I thought could be helpful with that."

Morris invited two of the top filmmakers in their respective fields to visit Pixar and to serve as consultants on the film. Cinematographer Roger Deakins ("No Country for Old Men," "The

Assassination of Jesse James by the Coward Robert Ford," "Fargo," "O Brother, Where Art Thou?"), a seven-time Oscar® nominee best known for his frequent work with acclaimed Coen the Brothers, lent his expertise



on lighting and camera issues. Renowned visual-effects wizard and six-time Oscar® winner Dennis Muren ("Star Wars," "Indiana Jones," "Terminator 2," "Jurassic Park," "The Abyss," "Twister") offered his expertise on visual effects and creating the right atmospheric imagery.

"There's a bit of imperfection in the look of the final film that adds to its believability." —Jim Morris, Producer

"Both Roger and Dennis spent periods of time on the film bringing their perspectives to it and giving us a lot of ideas about how things would look and feel," says Morris. "We actually brought in some vintage 1970s Panavision cameras, similar to the ones used to shoot the original 'Star Wars,' and shot some imagery to get a sense of the kind of artifacts those lenses created. We observed technical things like chromatic aberration, barrel distortion and other imperfections and took what we learned and applied it to our computer-graphics photography. Dennis and Roger were pivotal in helping us get those looks. For example, their advice on

cinematography, lighting, and composition helped us create the austere, glaring, and harsh Earth landscape in the first act."

Morris' background in live-action and visual-effects filmmaking also helped the filmmakers achieve their desire to have the movie feel like it was filmed and not recorded. "I



explained to the technical team that, in the real world, when you're shooting, the lens is usually about three feet in front of the film plane, and you're getting perspective shift when you pan and tilt. They took this information and came back with imagery that looked 50 percent more like a photographed image. The result feels like there was a cameraman present, as opposed to being in some sort of virtual space

where everything is pristine. There's a bit of imperfection in the look of the final film that adds to its believability."

As director of photography for camera, Jeremy Lasky helped take the film to an even higher level. "We advanced our camera and lighting technology to give the film a feel like there was a camera and lens shooting the action. We used a widescreen aspect ratio and a very shallow depth of field to give a real richness to the cinematography. You'll notice backgrounds out of focus and more textured layers of focus in some shots to create almost watercolor compositions. We also used a lot of handheld and steady-cam shots, especially in space, to make the audience feel that could really happen and that this is a real robot moving through a real world. You feel like you're witnessing this scene really unfold. One of the great innovations for us on this film, and a first for Pixar, was that we were able to previsualize the key lights prior to shooting so that we would have a much better idea of what the final film frame would look like. In the past, we had no lighting information at all at this stage of the production." Lasky worked closely with Danielle Feinberg, who was the director of photography for lighting.

"When I saw the finished film, I had one of those moments where I thought, 'I've never seen a movie quite like this before!" concludes Morris. "I felt like I was seeing it through fresh eyes."

DOWN-TO-EARTH MUSIC: THOMAS NEWMAN AND PETER GABRIEL CREATE COSMIC COMPOSITIONS

Andrew Stanton and composer Thomas Newman got along swimmingly on their first collaboration, "Finding Nemo," so it seemed a natural that the two would come together for an encore on "WALL•E." With its emphasis on visual storytelling and less dialogue, music plays an even greater role than usual in helping the filmmakers create moods and communicate their story. Newman collaborated with rock-and-roll legend Peter Gabriel on a song called "Down to Earth," providing an entertaining musical epilogue to the film.

Stanton observes, "Working with Tom has always been a dream for me. I've been a fan of

his music for a long time, because he is such an original. I remember first telling him about this new project on the night of the Academy Awards® in 2004 when we were there for 'Nemo.' I said that I have this idea for a film, and it involves 'Hello, Dolly!' and science fiction. I was wondering if he would still speak to me after that. It turns out that the score for 'Hello, Dolly!'



was composed by Tom's legendary uncle, Lionel Newman, so in a sense, we were keeping it all in the family."

"The one thing that's guaranteed when you work with Tom is that you're going to get something that isn't conventional," adds Stanton.

"When you request something that comes from a conventional place, like a sci-fi genre, you know you're going to get something with a slight left turn to it. His score always gives the film its own special stamp of identity, and it doesn't feel like anything you've ever heard before. For 'WALL•E,' he really found a whole new level of beauty and majesty and scale that was beyond anything I could have imagined."

"In animation, mood happens in smaller increments of time, seconds sometimes."

—Thomas Newman, Composer

One of the things that Stanton most admired about Newman's work on "WALL•E" was its ability to capture the big, sweeping outer-space themes as well as all of the intimacies of the relationship between the two lead robots.

"Tom was able to communicate a sense of the world we were creating with his score," notes Stanton. "There's a scene in the first act where we see WALL•E going about his daily routine, and there's a mechanical clockwork aspect to it. The score has a factory-like rhythm to it, with almost a faint whistle, almost like whistling while you work. Tom is always able to find the truth of these moments. And with his unique style of overdubs and mixing after he's recorded with the orchestra, he comes up with a fresh palette of sounds. He has a real natural ability to find the intimate emotion in a scene. I think that's why we fit together so well, because my natural inclination is to emphasize the emotional aspect of storytelling."

Newman adds, "Writing music for an animated film is very different than working in live action. In animation, mood happens in smaller increments of time, seconds sometimes. Here's a mood, and then *boom*, an action takes place. I learned with 'Nemo' that you couldn't just create a prevailing mood and let it sit very long. Working in animation requires making transitions, and it's about how the music moves from one feeling to another.

"My music tends to be patterned or repeating, so I like to get together with a percussionist or a guitarist who can take these patterns and add to them to make them sonically interesting," says Newman. "If you have repeating phrases, oftentimes it allows the ear to hear colors that widen your perception of sound and music. What interests me about music is the depth of it."

"Tom went to London to jam with Peter, and it was like this whirlwind romance." —Andrew Stanton, Director/Co-Writer

For the song "Down to Earth," which is heard at the end of the film, Stanton had the opportunity to collaborate with another of his musical heroes—Peter Gabriel. A huge fan of the rock-and-roll legend since he was 12 years old, Stanton contacted Gabriel about writing a song that would be integral to the conclusion of the story.

Stanton recalls, "Working with Peter has been one of the biggest highlights of my professional career. When it came to the ending for our film, I knew that we needed to add some additional story points and create something with a global feel to it. And it suddenly dawned on me that Peter is the father of world music to much of the Western world. I got completely seduced with the idea of putting him and Tom in a room together and seeing what they could come up with. Tom went to London to jam with Peter, and it was like this whirlwind romance. Suddenly, there was this amazing Thomas Newman/Peter Gabriel song called 'Down to Earth' that is just beyond my wildest dreams. Peter's lyrics are so deceivingly simple, but they're spot on. I was so moved when I heard the lyrics, because they were so clever and fit so well. They felt completely indicative of Peter

Gabriel, and knowing that it was based on the story I had written and that I had any association whatsoever with, it really blew my mind.

"It feels very much like a Peter Gabriel song, but it has a connectivity and sensitivity that is Tom's," adds Stanton. "Tom was so inspired by the song that he went back into the movie and rescored some key moments to include some of the same themes. It really feels completely organic and integral to the film."

ABOUT THE CAST



JEFF GARLIN's (Captain) talent encompasses writing, producing, directing, acting, and performing stand-up comedy.

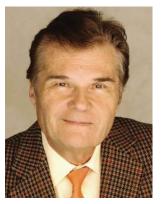
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Garlin both co-stars and executive-produces the HBO series "Curb Your Enthusiasm." The unique comedy stars "Seinfeld" creator Larry David, with Garlin portraying his loyal manager. The critically acclaimed series has won numerous awards, including the Golden Globe® Award for Best Comedy, The Danny Thomas Producer of the Year Award from the Producers Guild of America, and the AFI Comedy Series of the Year award.

Born and raised in Chicago and then South Florida, Garlin studied filmmaking and began performing stand-up comedy while at the University of Miami. He has toured the country as a stand-up comedian, is an alumnus of Chicago's Second City Theatre, and has written and starred in three critically acclaimed solo shows ("I Want Someone to Eat Cheese With," "Uncomplicated," and "Concentrated"). Garlin recently had his first film,

"I Want Someone to Eat Cheese With," released to critical acclaim. Garlin has also directed "Curb Your Enthusiasm" and both Jon Stewart ("Unleavened") and Denis Leary ("Lock-n-Load") in their HBO specials.

Garlin has extensive feature acting credits, including a starring role opposite Eddie Murphy in the comedy "Daddy Day Care." He recently completed the Fox Atomic Comedy "The Rocker" opposite Rainn Wilson and Christina Applegate.



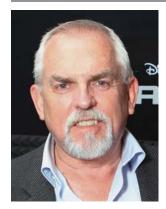
FRED WILLARD (Shelby Forthright) kicked off his career as part of Chicago's renowned The Second City. His improvisational performance in the film "Best in Show" earned him the Boston Society of Film Critics Award for Best Supporting Actor, the American Comedy Award for Funniest Performance by a Supporting Actor, nominations for Best Supporting Actor from the New York Film Critics and The National Film Critics Society, and the Official Selection Award from AFI.

Willard's credits on the small screen include his most recent role alongside Kelsey Grammer and Patricia Heaton in the FOX comedy

"Back to You." He received three Emmy® Award nominations for his recurring role on "Everybody Loves Raymond" and received a Daytime Emmy Award nomination for Best Day Time Talk Show Host for "What's Hot What's Not." He co-starred in Norman Lear's innovative cult-classic talk-show satire "Fernwood 2 Night" and has had recurring roles on "Ally McBeal," "The Simpsons," and "Mad About You." Additionally, Willard counts more than 90 appearances on "The Tonight Show with Jay Leno."

On the big screen, Willard earned an American Comedy Award nomination and a Screen Actors Guild Award® nomination for Funniest Supporting Actor for his role in "Waiting for Guffman." His film credits also include "This Is Spinal Tap," "Roxanne," "The Wedding Planner," "How High," "American Wedding," "A Mighty Wind," and "Anchorman: The Legend of Ron Burgundy."

Willard has several stage roles to his credit, including off-Broadway performances in "Little Murders," directed by Alan Arkin, and "Arf," directed by Richard Benjamin. His regional roles include "Call Me Madam" in Chicago and the musicals "Promises, Promises" with Jason Alexander and "Anything Goes" with Rachel York, both in Los Angeles. He starred in Wendy Wasserstein's "Isn't It Romantic" and off-Broadway in "Elvis and Juliet," which was written by his wife, Mary Willard. "Fred Willard: Alone at Last!"—a one-man show with a cast of 12—received two Los Angeles Artistic Director Awards for Best Comedy and Best Production.



JOHN RATZENBERGER (John) is an accomplished director, producer, and multiple Emmy® Award-nominated actor with notable credentials as an entrepreneur and humanitarian. While he is best known to international audiences as postman Cliff Clavin on "Cheers," for which he garnered two Emmy nominations, Ratzenberger is the only actor to voice a role in all of the Disney•Pixar films. Indeed, his characters have been memorable: the charming and witty Hamm the piggy bank in "Toy Story" (reprised in "Toy Story 2" and the upcoming "Toy Story 3"), P.T. Flea in "A Bug's Life," Yeti the snow monster in "Monsters, Inc.," a

school of Moonfish in "Finding Nemo," a philosophical character named Underminer in "The Incredibles," a Mac truck in "Cars," and Mustafa, the head waiter in "Ratatouille."

A former carpenter, archery instructor, carnival performer, and oyster-boat crewman, Ratzenberger was raised in Bridgeport, Conn. An English-literature major at Sacred Heart University, he starred in one-man shows and directed others after graduation. Ratzenberger spent a decade in England as co-founder of the improvisational duo Sal's Meat Market, earning acclaim across Europe and a grant from the British Arts Council. Early in his career, he appeared in more than 22 motion pictures, including "A Bridge Too Far," "Superman," "Gandhi," and "Star Wars: The Empire Strikes Back." Ratzenberger also starred in the Granada TV series "Small World" and cut his teeth as a producer and writer for the BBC, Granada TV, and several prestigious theater companies.

In 1982, Ratzenberger auditioned for a role on "Cheers," suggesting to creators that they consider adding a know-it-all bar regular. The character of Cliff Clavin was brought to life, and the "Cheers" team rewrote the pilot to include him. During 11 seasons on "Cheers," Ratzenberger improvised many of his lines, helping bring freshness and enduring popularity to a show that earned 28 Emmy® Awards. With "Cheers" still airing in worldwide syndication, Cliff Clavin remains one of television's most beloved characters.

Ratzenberger has reprised his role of Cliff Clavin in "Frasier," "The Simpsons," "Blossom," "Wings," "St. Elsewhere," and eight NBC specials. The accomplished character actor has also appeared on "8 Simple Rules," "That '70s Show," "Sabrina the Teenage Witch," "Murphy Brown," "The Love Boat," "Magnum P.I.," and "Hill Street Blues." Among his numerous TV movies are starring roles in "The Pennsylvania Miners Story" for ABC, "A Fare to Remember," "Remember Wenn," PBS Masterpiece Theater's "The Good Soldier," and the BBC's "Song of a Sourdough" and "Detectives." Ratzenberger's big-screen animation success extends to the small screen in the long-running TBS series "Captain Planet and the Planeteers" and "The New Adventures of Captain Planet." Recently, he was a fan favorite on the hit ABC show "Dancing with the Stars."

Ratzenberger is currently making the film-festival rounds, promoting "The Village Barbershop," winner of the Audience Choice Award at the Cinequest Festival. He recently kicked off season five of his popular Travel Channel series, "John Ratzenberger's Made in America." Ratzenberger created the show in 2004 to showcase American-made products, a cause for which he has been very active. Ratzenberger's nonprofit organization, Nuts, Bolts, and Thingamajigs Foundation, is positioned to restore esteem and dignity to the manual and industrial arts and to inspire the next generation of American artisans, inventors, engineers, repairmen and skilled workers.



Voted *Ms. Magazine*'s "Woman of the Year 2005," **KATHY NAJIMY (Mary)** is an accomplished film, television, and stage star, with credits ranging from her internationally known portrayal of Sister Mary Patrick in "Sister Act" and "Sister Act 2: Back in the Habit" to her 12 seasons as the voice of Peggy Hill on the Emmy[®] Award-winning FOX series "King of the Hill."

Najimy was most recently seen on the CBS drama "Numb3rs." Her television credits include three seasons opposite Kirstie Alley as Olive on NBC's "Veronica's Closet" as well as appearances on Disney's "The Scream Team" and FOX's TV special "CinderElmo."

Najimy received critical acclaim for her three-part arc on "Chicago Hope" and performed the opening musical number of the 1995 Academy Awards®. She starred in "In Search of Dr. Seuss" and appeared in several TV series, including "She TV," "Fool for Love," "Early Edition," and several episodes of "Ellen."

Winner of the American Comedy Award as Funniest Supporting Actress for her role in "Sister Act," Najimy has had numerous roles in films, including "Hocus Pocus," "RatRace," "Hope Floats," "Nevada," "Cats Don't Dance," "Zack and Reba," "This Is My Life," "The Fisher King," "Say Uncle," "Soapdish," and "The Hard Way." She also appeared in "The Wedding Planner," "It's Pat," "Jeffrey," "The Big K," and Margaret Cho's "Bam Bam and Celeste" and "2 Sisters."

On stage, Najimy was critically acclaimed for her Broadway portrayal of Mae West in "Dirty Blonde" and also appeared on Broadway in "The Vagina Monologues." Her original off-Broadway hit plays "The Kathy and Mo Show: Parallel Lives" and "The Dark Side," which became HBO specials, garnered Obie Awards and CableACE Awards.

Najimy has directed several projects, including an off-Broadway musical, "Back to Bacharach," and several one-woman shows.

With more than 20 years of AIDS activism, she has been honored with the L.A. Shanti's Founder award as well as the L.A. Gay & Lesbian Center's Distinguished Achievement Award. Najimy has posed twice for PETA's popular campaign, "I'd Rather Go Naked than Wear Fur," and in 2000, she received PETA's Humanitarian of the Year Award from Paul McCartney. She's served as keynote speaker for more than 50 women's organizations across the country.

Najimy contributed to the Random House book "The Choices We Made." She also voiced Wally Lamb's novel "She's Come Undone."

Up next for the award-winning actress is the Walt Disney Studios Home Entertainment full-length animated release "Tinker Bell," for which she voices the Minister of Summer.



With films like "Alien" and "Gorillas in the Mist" in her repertoire, actor **SIGOURNEY WEAVER** (Ship's Computer) has created a host of memorable characters, both dramatic and comic, on stage and in film.

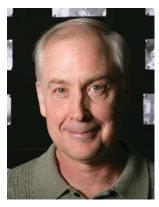
Born and educated in New York City, Weaver graduated from Stanford University and received a master's degree from the Yale School of Drama. Her first professional job was as an understudy in Sir John Gielgud's production of "The Constant Wife," starring Ingrid Bergman.

Weaver made her motion-picture debut in the blockbuster "Alien," later reprising the role of Warrant Officer Ripley in "Aliens," which earned her Academy Award® and Golden Globe® nominations for Best Actress. She returned to the role for "Aliens 3" and "Alien Resurrection," which she also co-produced. Weaver next portrayed primatologist Dian Fossey in "Gorillas in the Mist," receiving an Academy Award nomination and a Golden Globe. Her role in "Working Girl" earned another Academy Award nomination and a second Golden Globe. Other films include "Ghostbusters," Peter Weir's "Year of Living Dangerously," Roman Polanski's "Death and the Maiden," "Galaxy Quest," "Heartbreakers," "Holes," Jim Simpson's "The Guys," "Imaginary Heroes," and Showtime's live-action film "Snow White," which earned her an Emmy Award nomination and a Screen Actors Guild Award® nomination. Her performance in Ang Lee's "The Ice Storm" garnered a BAFTA Award. Weaver was nominated for a Golden Globe for Best Actress for "A Map of the World." Recent films include "Baby Mama," "Infamous," "The TV Set," "The Girl in the Park," "Vantage Point," and "Snow Cake," in which Weaver portrays an autistic woman and for which she received a Proclamation from the City of New York.

On stage, Weaver received a Tony Award® nomination for her starring role in Broadway's "Hurlyburly," directed by Mike Nichols. Other plays include "The Mercy Seat" by Neil Labute, "The Merchant of Venice," and Christopher Durang's "Sex and Longing," as well as several at The Flea Theater, including "Mrs. Farnsworth" by A.R. Gurney and "The Guys." Weaver started her stage career off-off-Broadway in Durang's "The Nature and Purpose of the Universe" and "Titanic." "Das Lusitania Songspiel," which she co-wrote with Durang, earned them both Drama Desk nominations.

Weaver recently completed production on the 3-D movie "Avatar," her first collaboration with James Cameron since "Aliens," "Crazy on the Outside," directed by Tim Allen, and Lifetime's "Prayers for Bobby."

She is on the boards of The Flea Theater in downtown Manhattan, "dedicated to raising a joyful hell in a small space," and Human Rights First, where she has worked on the issue of asylum. Weaver is also an Honorary Chairperson of the Dian Fossey Gorilla Fund International. She works for other organizations whenever she can, including Conservation International, amFAR, Trickle Up, the Natural Resources Defense Council, and GRASP.



Multiple Academy Award® winner **BEN BURTT** (WALL•E/M-O/Sound & Character Voice Designer) joined Pixar Animation Studios in May 2005. A 30-year veteran and an accomplished filmmaker, Burtt has written, directed, and served as film editor on a vast array of projects.

Burtt began his work with director George Lucas in 1977 as sound designer of the original "Star Wars," earning his first Academy Award®—a Special Achievement Award. He rejoined Lucas 20 years later to supervise the sound work on "Star Wars Trilogy" (Special Edition).

In addition to his work on the "Star Wars" films, Burtt has worked on many film and television projects. He has won Academy Awards® for Best Sound Editing in "Raiders of the Lost Ark" and for Best Sound Effects Editing in "E.T.: The Extra-Terrestrial" and "Indiana Jones and the Last Crusade." Burtt has also been recognized for his work with a number of Academy Award® nominations, including Best Sound in "Star Wars: Episode VI—Return of the Jedi," Best Sound and Sound Effects Editing in "Willow," Best Sound Effects Editing in "Stars Wars: Episode I—The Phantom Menace," and, as director of "Special Effects, Anything Can Happen," Best Short Subject Documentary.

In addition to his Academy Award® wins and nominations, Burtt has also been awarded a British Academy Award for Best Sound in "Star Wars: Episode V—The Empire Strikes Back," a Golden Reel Award for Best Sound Effects Editing in "Raiders of the Lost Ark," and a British Academy Award nomination for Best Sound in "Star Wars: Episode I—The Phantom Menace."

ABOUT THE FILMMAKERS

ANDREW STANTON (Director/Screenwriter/Vice President, Creative, Pixar Animation Studios) has been a major creative force at Pixar Animation Studios since 1990, when he became the second animator and ninth employee to join the company's elite group of computer-animation pioneers. As Vice President, Creative, he currently leads the initiatives and oversees all features and shorts development for the studio.

Stanton made his directorial debut with the record-shattering "Finding Nemo," an original story of his that he also co-wrote. The film garnered Stanton two Academy Award® nominations (Best Original Screenplay and Best Animated Film), and "Finding Nemo" was awarded an Oscar® for Best Animated Feature Film of 2003, the first such honor Pixar Animation Studios has received for a full-length feature.

Stanton was one of the four screenwriters to receive an Oscar® nomination in 1996 for his contribution to "Toy Story" and went on to receive credit as a screenwriter on every subsequent Pixar film—"A Bug's Life," "Toy Story 2," "Monsters, Inc.," and "Finding Nemo." Additionally, he served as co-director on "A Bug's Life" and was the executive producer of "Monsters, Inc." and the 2006 Academy Award®-winning "Ratatouille."

A native of Rockport, Mass., Stanton earned a Bachelor of Fine Arts degree in Character Animation from California Institute of the Arts (CalArts), where he completed two student films. In the 1980s, he launched his professional career in Los Angeles, animating for Bill Kroyer's Kroyer Films studio and writing for Ralph Bakshi's production of "Mighty Mouse, the New Adventures."

JIM MORRIS (Producer/Executive Vice President, Production, Pixar Animation Studios) joined Pixar Animation Studios in 2005. Morris is responsible for managing the production of the studio's features, shorts, DVD content, and theme-park activities. He also oversees various production departments at Pixar, including Story, Art, Editorial, Animation, Shading, Lighting, and Technical Direction.

Prior to joining Pixar, Morris held a range of key positions in various divisions of Lucasfilm Ltd. He served as President of Lucas Digital Ltd. and managed its two divisions, Industrial Light & Magic (ILM) and Skywalker Sound. As ILM's General Manager for more than ten years, he supervised a staff of over 1,400 artists and technicians and guided the largest visual-effects facility in the entertainment industry.

During Morris' tenure, ILM created the groundbreaking, Academy Award®-winning visual effects in "Jurassic Park," "Death Becomes Her," and "Forrest Gump." Other notable projects completed under his management include "Mission: Impossible," "Twister," "Saving Private Ryan," "Star Wars: Episode I" and "II," "The Perfect Storm," "Pearl Harbor," "Minority Report," "Pirates of the Caribbean," "Master and Commander," and the first three "Harry Potter" films.

Morris joined ILM in 1987 as a producer of visual effects for films and commercials. He was subsequently promoted to ILM's executive in charge of production, where he supervised all of the company's production. "The Abyss," which earned an Oscar® for Best Achievement in Visual Effects, and "Always" are among his producing credits.

Before joining ILM, Morris was executive producer at Arnold & Associates, where he oversaw the company's three offices and produced national commercials for clients such as Atari and Chevron. Prior to that, Morris was executive producer at One Pass, where he headed the commercial production department. He served in the production departments at J. Walter Thompson and also Foote, Cone & Belding in San Francisco. Morris worked as a producer and director for PBS affiliate WCNY-TV and began his career as a cameraman and editor at NBC affiliate WSYR-TV.

Morris is the recipient of both the Producers Guild of America Digital 50 Award and the Visual Effects Society Board of Directors Award. He currently serves as president of the San Francisco Film Commission. Morris earned a Bachelor of Science degree in film and a Master of Science degree in television and radio from the Newhouse School at Syracuse University.

LINDSEY COLLINS (Co-Producer) joined Pixar Animation Studios in 1997 and has worked in a variety of production capacities on such films as "A Bug's Life," "Toy Story 2," "Finding Nemo," and "Ratatouille." She also provided the voice of the character Mia in the 2006 Pixar release "Cars."

Prior to joining Pixar, Collins worked at Disney Feature Animation for three years, managing creative teams on the films "Pocahontas," "The Hunchback of Notre Dame," and "Hercules."

Collins earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Diplomacy and World Affairs at Occidental College in Los Angeles. She currently resides in Oakland, California, with her husband and two children.

Moving effortlessly from drama to sharp satire to period classics to animation, **THOMAS NEWMAN** (**Composer**) is building on an amazing family tradition in Hollywood, with a varied body of work that has earned the praise of filmmakers ranging from Robert Altman to

Gillian Armstrong. To date, Newman has received eight Academy Award® nominations for his film work: He was the only double nominee in 1994's Oscar race, receiving nominations for both "Little Women" and "The Shawshank Redemption," and he has since received nominations for his scores from "Unstrung Heroes," "American Beauty," "Road to Perdition," "Finding Nemo," "Lemony Snicket's A Series of Unfortunate Events," and, most recently, "The Good German." Newman also won an Emmy® Award for Outstanding Main Title Theme Music for HBO's award-winning drama "Six Feet Under."

Since the beginning of sound film, the Newman name has been an integral part of the evolution of film scoring. Newman is the youngest son of the legendary Alfred Newman, a nine-time Academy Award® winner and 45-time nominee, who, as musical director of Twentieth Century Fox from the mid-'30s to the early '60s, was responsible for overseeing or composing all of the music created for more than 200 films. Uncle Lionel was a composer and studio music director with more than 50 scores to his credit, and uncle Emil was also a conductor, with more than four dozen film-score credits. Sister Maria is an acclaimed concert violinist, brother David has scored more than 60 films, and cousin Randy is a much-beloved pop songwriter and film composer who scored Pixar's first four features.

Newman studied composition and orchestration at USC, completing his academic work at Yale. His greatest mentor, Broadway's Stephen Sondheim, was deeply impressed with Newman's originality and championed one of his earliest works, the musical-theater piece "Three Mean Fairy Tales," which received a workshop production courtesy of the Stuart Ostrow Foundation.

Newman also won the support of a young New York casting agent, Scott Rudin, who brought Newman aboard director James Foley's 1984 film, "Reckless," as a musical assistant. Newman's initiative on the project soon elevated him to the position of composer, and at age 29, he had successfully scored his first film.

Newman's reputation for originality and for intensifying mood and character grew rapidly with such films as "Desperately Seeking Susan," "The Lost Boys," "Scent of a Woman," "Citizen Cohn," and more than 40 other major titles, including "Meet Joe Black," "The Horse Whisperer," "Up Close and Personal," "Phenomenon," "The People vs. Larry Flynt," "In the Bedroom," "Pay It Forward," "Erin Brockovich," "Red Corner," "How to Make an American Quilt," "The Green Mile," "Jarhead," "Cinderella Man," "Fried Green Tomatoes," and, more recently, "Little Children" and "Towelhead." Newman also composed the music for HBO's acclaimed six-hour miniseries "Angels in America," directed by Mike Nichols. He was commissioned to create a unique seven-minute symphonic piece, "Reach Forth Our Hands," for the city of Cleveland, commemorating its bicentennial in 1996.

Multiple Grammy® Award-winning musician **PETER GABRIEL** co-founded the group Genesis in 1966. Together, they made seven albums before Gabriel left the group in 1975. He returned to music a year later and has since made 11 solo albums, including hit singles like "Shock the Monkey," "Sledgehammer," "Big Time," and "In Your Eyes." Gabriel has also completed film-soundtrack works, including "Birdy," "The Last Temptation of Christ," and "Rabbit Proof Fence." His "Sledgehammer" video has been voted best video of all time, and his interactive work "Eve" won the Milia D'Or for Multimedia.

The musician, entrepreneur, and activist is a recipient of the Man of Peace award, presented by the Nobel Peace Laureates, and the Chevalier dans Ordre des Arts et des Lettres. He has

received various lifetime achievement awards and BT's Digital Music Pioneer Award.

Gabriel founded WOMAD (World of Music Arts and Dance) in 1980, presenting more than 150 festivals in more than 40 countries. Additionally, the WOMAD Foundation has provided education and workshops to many schools.

Gabriel's human-rights work includes coordinating and participating in the 1988 Human Rights Now Tour with Amnesty International. He co-founded Witness.org in 1989 to give cameras and computers to human-rights activists. Witness.org pioneered the adoption of video and online technologies in human-rights campaigning. The Hub has just been launched, providing a platform for human-rights videos from all over the world (a YouTube for human rights). In 2000, Gabriel co-founded TheElders.org with Richard Branson, which Nelson Mandela launched in 2007.

His business interests have been in the field of music, media, and technology. In 1987, he founded the Real World group of companies: Real World Studios, Real World Records, and, later, Real World Multi Media and Real World Films. Gabriel co-founded OD2 (On Demand Distribution) in 1999, which became the leading European platform provider for the distribution of online music. In 2005, Gabriel acquired Solid State Logic with David Engelke, the world's leading manufacturer of mixing consoles for music recording, broadcast and post-production. He also co-founded TheFilter.com and We7.com.

Information contained within as of June 12, 2008.

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